

The Integration of Theology and Technology: Exploring the Impact of Digitalization on Religious Understanding

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ABSTRACT

The digital era has brought significant changes to various aspects of life, including the understanding and practice of religion. This article aims to explore the integration of theology and technology, as well as the impact of digitalization on religious understanding. Through the analysis of various case studies and relevant literature, we examine how technology including social media, online platforms, and religious applications affects the way people interact with religious teachings, spirituality, and communities. This article investigates the challenges and opportunities that arise from digitalization and discusses how religion can maintain its relevance amidst the rapid pace of digital transformation.

Keywords: Theology, Technology, Digitalization, Religious Understanding, Social Media, Digital Transformation

1. INTRODUCTION

The development of digital technology has triggered significant changes in various fields, including how humans understand, practice, and engage with religion. Rapid technological advancements, such as social media, online platforms, and religious applications, now play a crucial role in shaping believers' relationships with religious teachings, spirituality, and religious communities. Access to religious information, which was previously limited, is now easily accessible worldwide, allowing for the broader and more efficient dissemination of religious teachings.

However, digitalization also presents new challenges for established religious traditions. Questions regarding authenticity, the meaning of spirituality, and how to maintain the essence of religiosity in digital formats are becoming increasingly relevant issues. Amid these changes, a debate emerges about whether the spiritual experiences offered by technology can match the depth of traditional ritual practices. On the other hand, digitalization also opens up significant opportunities to expand theological understanding through more inclusive and innovative religious education.

This article aims to investigate the interaction between theology and technology, as well as to explore the impact of digitalization on religious understanding. Through an analysis of case studies, relevant literature, and digital phenomena in the religious context, we will discuss how technology is changing the way humans interact with religious teachings and spiritual communities. We will also examine the ethical and theological challenges that arise and identify opportunities to maintain the relevance of religion in the digital age.

Thus, this study offers a profound perspective on how religion can adapt to technological changes without losing its essential spiritual values.

2. RESEARCH METHOD

This research employs a qualitative approach to understand the impact of digitalization on religious understanding. Data is collected through a combination of literature analysis, case studies, and in-depth interviews with religious practitioners and experts in the fields of theology and technology.

a. Literature Analysis

Relevant literature on the relationship between theology and technology is reviewed to provide a theoretical foundation. This research encompasses various sources from academic journals, books, and articles discussing digitalization in the religious context.

b. Case Studies

Case studies are used to explore the implementation of digital tools in religious practices, such as the use of social media by churches, mosques, and religious organizations, as well as an analysis of popular religious applications. These cases are selected to illustrate how digitalization has been integrated into the daily lives of religious adherents.

c. In-Depth Interviews

Interviews are conducted with technology and theology experts, religious leaders, and active believers who utilize technology in their spiritual practices. These interviews aim to gain direct insights into their perceptions regarding the impact of digitalization on religious practices and understanding.

d. Data Analysis

The data collected from literature analysis, case studies, and interviews are analyzed using a thematic approach. This allows for the identification of patterns, challenges, and opportunities that arise from the integration of technology with theology.

This method is designed to provide a holistic understanding of the impact of digitalization on religion, from both practical and theological perspectives.

3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Transformation of Religious Rituals in the Digital Era

The COVID-19 pandemic accelerated the use of technology in religious rituals, significantly changing how worship is conducted. Churches, mosques, and temples shifted to online formats to ensure that congregants could still participate in collective worship. For example, a survey by the Pew Research Center (2020) showed that over 90% of places of worship in the United States adopted streaming services during the pandemic, and this trend was also observed in various other countries, including Indonesia, where Friday prayers and weekly masses transitioned to platforms like YouTube and Zoom. Figure 1 below illustrates the increase in the use of online platforms for worship purposes during the year 2020.

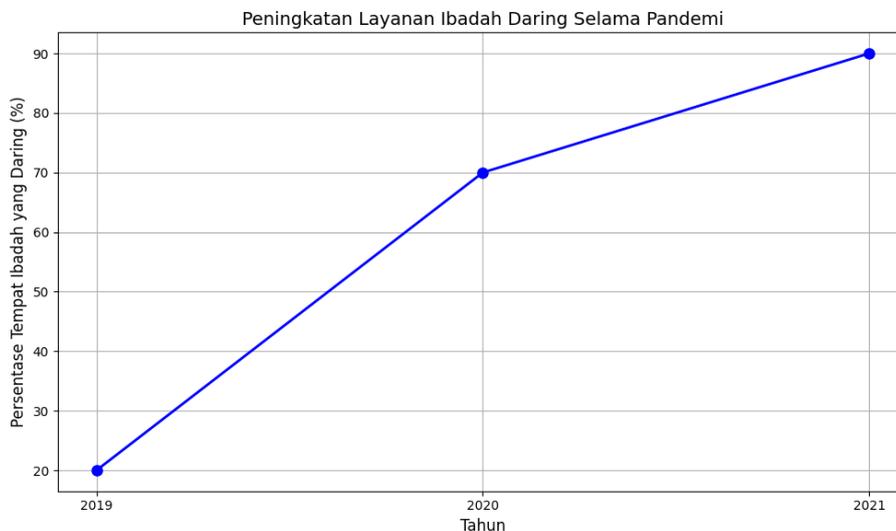


Figure 1. Increase in Online Worship Services During the COVID-19 Pandemic

However, this transformation raises questions about the spiritual depth experienced by worshippers. A study by the Journal of Religion and Technology (2021) found that 55% of religious individuals feel that online spiritual experiences are not as intense as physical experiences in places of worship. This highlights the emotional and psychological differences faced by worshippers when performing rituals virtually.

Authenticity and Originality of Religion in the Digital World

One of the most crucial challenges in integrating technology with religion is maintaining the authenticity of teachings. Digital technology facilitates quick and widespread access to religious information, but it also presents the risk of oversimplifying or even distorting teachings. Research by Campbell and Vitullo (2018) indicates that 40% of religious content disseminated through social media is not verified by religious authorities, which can lead to the spread of inaccurate or misleading information.

Distribusi Konten Agama Terverifikasi di Media Sosial

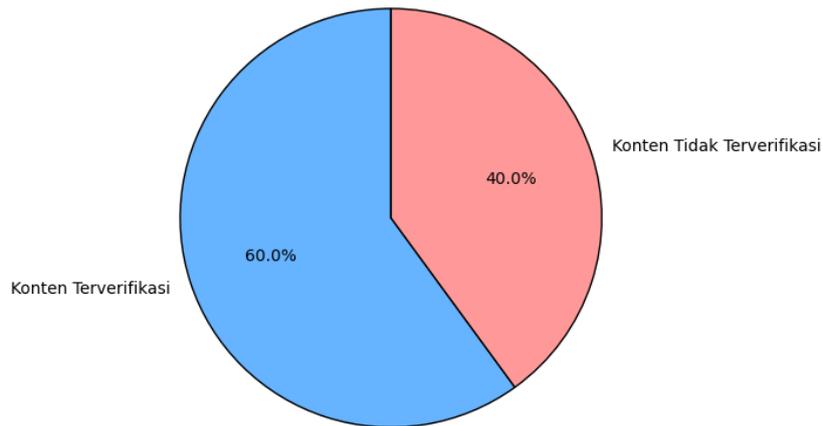


Figure 2. Distribution of Unverified Religious Content on Social Media

The uncertainty regarding the authenticity of this content can affect the trust of worshippers in digital sources. Some religious communities have sought to address this issue by establishing official digital platforms where religious authorities curate and supervise the content shared, such as Fatwa Online in the Muslim community and Vatican News for Catholics.

Opportunities of Digitalization for Religious Education

Digitalization has opened up broad access to religious education that was previously difficult to achieve, especially in remote areas. Applications and online platforms such as Quran.com for Muslims and Bible Gateway for Christians provide easily accessible theological resources. For instance, the Quran.com app recorded a 150% increase in users during the pandemic, reflecting the high interest in deepening religious understanding through digital resources.



Figure 3. Increase in the Use of Religious Apps During the Pandemic

In addition, platforms such as Coursera and Udemy offer theological courses from leading universities, allowing individuals to pursue formal religious education without geographic limitations. This presents a significant opportunity to deepen religious understanding and create more inclusive cross-national discussion spaces.

4. CONCLUSION

Digitalization has had a significant impact on how religion is understood and practiced. Modern technologies such as social media, online platforms, and religious apps have transformed how believers interact with spiritual teachings, communities, and religious rituals. While digitalization offers great opportunities to expand access to religious education and facilitate cross-border interactions, substantial challenges remain, particularly in terms of maintaining authenticity and spiritual depth in digital

formats. The transformation of religious rituals into online formats, as seen during the COVID-19 pandemic, demonstrates the flexibility of religion in responding to changing times. However, questions regarding deep spiritual experiences continue to be a primary concern. The use of technology also increases the risk of disseminating unverified teachings, which can obscure genuine religious understanding. Therefore, stringent oversight from religious authorities is necessary to ensure that information disseminated through digital media remains authentic and aligned with legitimate teachings. On the other hand, digitalization opens new opportunities for religious education by providing broader and more inclusive access to theological resources that were previously difficult to reach. Online platforms, online courses, and religious apps enable individuals to deepen their understanding of religious teachings without being constrained by geographic location. Looking ahead, religion must continue to adapt to technological changes while upholding its fundamental values. Collaboration between religious leaders and technology developers may be key to ensuring that digital innovations support rather than diminish the spiritual depth and authenticity of religious teachings. With the right approach, digitalization can be a powerful means to reinforce the relevance of religion in the modern era without compromising essential spiritual values.

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